Privacy Act – Right of Access (Conditions of Disclosure)

PRESENTED BY: RAMONA BRANCH OLIVER

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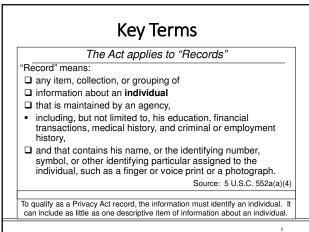
Overview

Key Terms

Privacy Act Right of Access

Provisions Barring Disclosure

Privacy Access Analysis



Key Terms

The Act applies to information about an "Individual"

"Individual" means:

- a citizen of the United States or
- an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence

Source: 5 U.S.C. 552a(a)(2)

Deceased individuals do not have Privacy Act rights, nor do executors or nextof-kin.

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Key Terms

The Act applies to Records in a "System of Records"

- "System of Records" means:
 - a group of any records
 - $\hfill\square$ under the control of any agency
 - $\hfill\square$ from which information is retrieved
 - \succ by the name of the individual or
 - by some identifying number, symbol, or other identifying particular assigned to the individual

Source: 5 U.S.C. 552a(a)(5)

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"System" does not mean IT system. A System of Records can be comprised of records that are electronic, paper, or both.

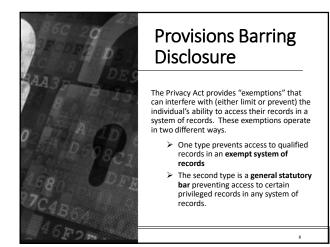
	System of Records Notice (SORN)
	✓ Required by the Privacy Act
What is a	✓ Describes each agency system of records
SORN?	✓Is a <u>public</u> notice by the agency
	✓ Subject to public notice & comment in the Federal Register
	✓ Has a legal effect

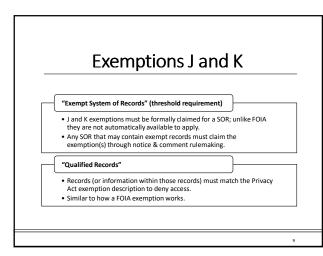


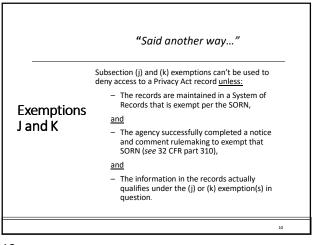
	Act Right o	I ALLESS
5 U.S.C. § 552	<i>a(d)</i> . Individuals h	nave a right to:
(d)(1) – <u>Acce</u>	ss their PA records	upon request
	Only applies to individuals seeking their	

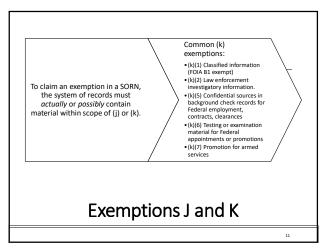




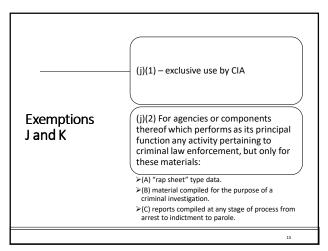


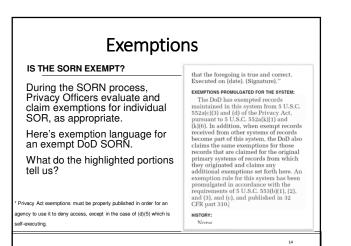


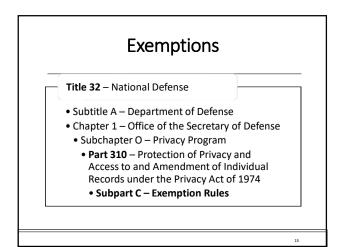


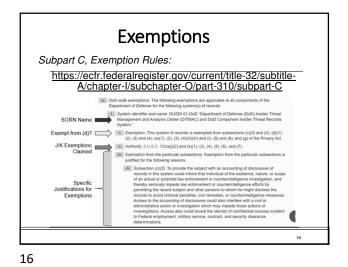


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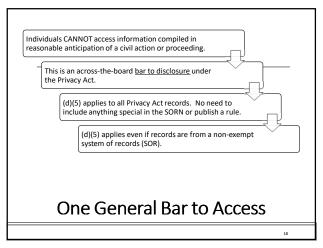






	System ID	System Name	FR Citation Hyperfinik to FR Notice	Exemptions Hyperlink to FR Implementation Rule
	DAFIS 01	Visual Information Management System (VIMS)	July 08, 2004 69 FR 41232	
	DAU 06	Defense Acquisition University (DAU), Visual Arts and Press Records	October 20, 2016 81 FR 72575	
Exemptions	DAU 07	Acquisition Community Connection (ACC) Members Records	November 12, 2008 73 FR 66851	
DoD, PCLTD SORN Website	DAU 08	Defense Acquisition University Student Information System (SIS)	December 30, 2014 79 FR 78412	
	DCIO 01	Defense Industrial Base (DIB) Cybersecurity (CS) Activities Records	May 17, 2019 84 FR 22477	
	DCIO 02 DoD	Enterprise Mass Warning and Notification System (EMWNS)	March 30, 2020 85 FR 17545	
	DCMO 01 DoD	DoD Federal Docket Management System (DoD FDMS)	July 27, 2015 80 FR 44333	
	DCMO 02	Civil Liberties Program Case Management System	February 11, 2016 81 FR 7327	(j)(2), (k)(1) (k)(2), (k)(5)
	DFMP 06	DoD Priority Placement Program (STOPPER LIST)	February 22, 1993 58 FR 10227	
	DGC 02	Private Relief Legislation File	SORN RESCINDED April 4, 2017 82 FR 16382	
		Darennnal Sancrity Masranna	1-0-12 100R	







One General Bar to Access

(d)(5) = FOIA Exemption 5's Work Product Privilege

May even extend to work product prepared by non-attorneys

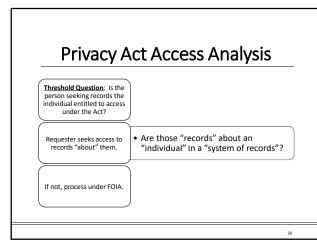
Does not apply to criminal proceedings

Does apply to civil litigation or other civil proceedings, even in quasi-judicial contexts

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Consult with your legal counsel on application/scope

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Privacy Act Access Analysis

<u>Threshold Question</u>: Is the person seeking records the individual entitled to access under the Act?

- Is the requester entitled to Privacy Act access or is their information just included in the file?
- >Does the agency actually retrieve their records from a system of records using their name or identifier?
- If not, although the file may contain information about them, their access rights are limited to FOIA.

Privacy Act Access Analysis

Step 1: Are the Records d5 material?

Look for markings such as "Work-Product" or "Attorney Work Product"

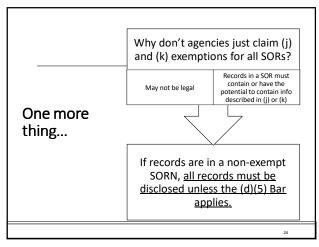
Step 2: Which SORN covers the Records?

FOIA Office may need to ask the program Office: Where did the paper files come from? What IT system were the records retrieved from? Were these materials from a System of Records?

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Privacy Act Access Analysis	
Step 3: Is the SORN Exempt?	
Some SORNs are exempt, some aren't!	\triangleright
Step 4: Do some/all of the records themselves fall within the claimed (j) or (k) exemptions?	7
Record-by-record review - Withhold part or all	\mathbb{L}
Example: Document containing classified and unclassified material	
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One more thing...

What do you do?

- □ <u>Misfiled records</u>: Have the program office correct the misfiling do not process the records with the request
- Other people's PII: Redact not a Privacy Act "record" because the information is "not about the individual" under 552a(a)(4)
 - Remember sometimes the other person's name should be in a record, such as when there is a complaint or incident between two individuals.

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Always consult with legal counsel and/or your FOIA supervisor before invoking these remedies!

Privacy Act*	FOIA
(j)(1) Records held by the CIA	(b)(3) Exempt from disclosure by statute
(j)(2) Investigatory records held by a criminal law enforcement agency	(b)(7)(A) – (b)(7)(F) Exempts various records compiled for law enforcement purposes
(k)(1) Classified	(b)(1) Classified - pursuant to E.O.
Exempts properly classified information; expressly references FOIA (b)(1)	Exempts properly classified information pursuant to prevailing executive order on classification
(k)(2) Investigatory records for law enforcement purposes (including criminal, civil, or regulatory)	(b)(7)(A) – (b)(7)(F) Exempts various records compiled for law enforcement purposes – including (b)(7)(D), re: protecting identity of confidential sources



Privacy Act*	FOIA
(k)(3) Material associated with protecting the President	(b)(3) Exempt from disclosure by statute OR (b)(7)(E) Investigative techniques or procedures
(k)(4) Required by statute to be used solely as a statistical record	No comparable FOIA exemption, except (b)(3) protects certain information exempt from disclosure by statute
(k)(5) Investigatory material used for suitability purposes – confidential sources	(b)(7)(D) Law enforcement material – protecting identity of confidential sources
(k)(6) Testing and evaluation materials for appointment/promotion in Federal service	(b)(2) Internal personnel rules and practices
(k)(7) Evaluation material for promotion in armed services – confidential sources	(b)(7)(D) Law enforcement material – protecting identity of confidential sources

Privacy Act*	FOIA
(d)(5) Reasonable anticipation of a civil action or proceeding (non-criminal) - Similar to attorney-work product - Not limited to attorneys	(b)(5) Deliberative process, attorney work product, attorney-client privilege
No comparable Privacy Act exemption	(b)(4) Trade secrets, commercial or financia information
	(b)(8) Stability reports (financial institutions)
	(b)(9) Geological data concerning wells
No comparable Privacy Act exemptions	(b)(6) Clearly unwarranted invasion of
 But consider No Disclosure Without Consent Rule itself, 5 U.S.C.§ 552a(b) 	personal privacy
Also consider (k)(5) (Investig, material for Federal suitability determinations if it <u>would</u> reveal identity of confidential source)	(b)(7)(C) Law enforcement information whice if produced could reasonably be expected to constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy

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Knowledge Check

SCENARIO

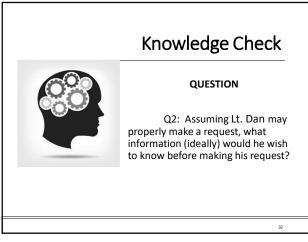
Lieutenant Dan Taylor is currently the subject of a <u>pending criminal investigation</u> by Army Criminal Investigation Command (CID). Lt. Dan met twice with investigators, and he also heard that several subordinate members of his unit have provided statements against him. Lt. Dan is curious about what information CID has compiled on him so far.

Knowledge Check

Q1: May Lt. Dan make a first-party request under the Privacy Act for all records pertaining to him in the identified investigative file?



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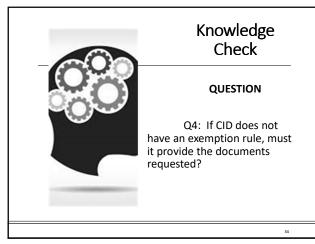
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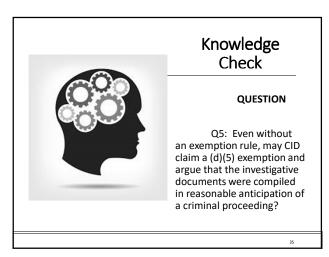


QUESTION

Q3: Assuming Lt. Dan makes a proper request, must CID provide him all of the documents?







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QUESTION

Q6: Assuming CID has a properly published exemption rule that claims a (j)(2) exemption from access requests under (d)(1) of the Privacy Act, may CID claim an exemption and withhold the documents?



